

The Fairfield News and Herald.

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WINNSBORO, S. C. WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1898.

NO. 7.

GOV. ELLERBE WINS.

But Mr. Featherstone Gave Him a Tight Race.

THE DISPENSARY ENDORSED.

Floyd, Cooper, McMahon and Garris Defeat Blythe, Tompkins, Brown, and Thomas.

A Light Vote.

The second primary is over, and Gov. Ellerbe has been nominated for a second term. As a result of the two primaries only three present State officers will retain their seats in the capital after their present term expires. Governor Ellerbe, Controller General Derham and Treasurer Timmerman are the lucky trio.

Superintendent of Education Mayfield and Adjutant General Watts were left out by the first primary. The returns of the second primary shows the following results:

For Governor—Ellerbe, 31,423; Featherstone, 29,442.

For Secretary of State—Cooper, 31,331; Tompkins, 24,724.

For Superintendent of Education—McMahon, 32,312; Brown, 24,342.

For Adjutant General—Floyd, 44,510; Blythe, 24,001.

For Railroad Commissioner—Garris, 46,406; Thomas, 19,746.

The vote by counties was as follows:

FOR GOVERNOR.

County	Ellerbe	Featherstone
Abbeville	1,162	896
Alcona	1,357	1,895
Anderson	1,025	704
Beaufort	79	161
Bamberg	50	101
Charleston	624	480
Cherokee	499	1,283
Chester	885	870
Chesterfield	907	694
Columbia	824	532
Concord	943	706
Darlington	716	797
Dorchester	589	325
Edgefield	582	639
Florence	889	586
Georgetown	233	287
Greenville	1,181	1,828
Hampton	819	1,234
Horry	752	907
Kershaw	869	514
Lancaster	728	1,159
Laurens	774	1,035
Lexington	1,874	1,709
Marion	1,415	1,059
Marlboro	718	824
McClintock	819	1,035
Mecklenburg	817	1,077
Orangeburg	1,179	892
Pickens	856	615
Richland	1,093	824
Saluda	545	645
Sumter	2,191	2,514
Union	718	768
Williamsburg	1,123	699
York	1,610	1,177
2d South Carolina	284	116
3d South Carolina	883	138
Battery	63	11
Totals	37,724	33,271

SECRETARY OF STATE.

County	Tompkins	Cooper
Abbeville	983	936
Alcona	500	1,423
Anderson	1,257	1,895
Beaufort	96	161
Bamberg	234	598
Berkley	201	798
Charleston	928	1,174
Chester	737	824
Chesterfield	371	977
Clarendon	954	400
Colleton	115	140
Darlington	421	427
Dorchester	229	674
Edgefield	680	608
Fairfield	319	904
Florence	725	1,234
Georgetown	151	199
Greenville	425	582
Hampton	1,125	287
Horry	795	827
Kershaw	819	514
Lancaster	1,146	747
Laurens	1,035	1,479
Lee	698	625
Lexington	1,874	1,709
Marion	1,415	1,059
Marlboro	718	824
McClintock	819	1,035
Mecklenburg	817	1,077
Orangeburg	1,179	892
Pickens	856	615
Richland	1,093	824
Saluda	545	645
Sumter	2,191	2,514
Union	718	768
Williamsburg	1,123	699
York	1,610	1,177
2d South Carolina	284	116
3d South Carolina	883	138
Battery	63	11
Totals	31,811	37,504

REPRESENTATIVE OF EDUCATION.

County	McMahon	Brown
Abbeville	1,162	896
Alcona	1,357	1,895
Anderson	1,025	704
Beaufort	79	161
Bamberg	50	101
Charleston	624	480
Cherokee	499	1,283
Chester	885	870
Chesterfield	907	694
Columbia	824	532
Concord	943	706
Darlington	716	797
Dorchester	589	325
Edgefield	582	639
Florence	889	586
Georgetown	233	287
Greenville	1,181	1,828
Hampton	819	1,234
Horry	752	907
Kershaw	869	514
Lancaster	728	1,159
Laurens	774	1,035
Lexington	1,874	1,709
Marion	1,415	1,059
Marlboro	718	824
McClintock	819	1,035
Mecklenburg	817	1,077
Orangeburg	1,179	892
Pickens	856	615
Richland	1,093	824
Saluda	545	645
Sumter	2,191	2,514
Union	718	768
Williamsburg	1,123	699
York	1,610	1,177
2d South Carolina	284	116
3d South Carolina	883	138
Battery	63	11
Totals	38,444	30,850

The following tables are not complete, but they show the general drift of the vote in the several counties.

THE STATES FOR THE OFFICERS NAMED.

ADJUTANT GENERAL.

County	Floyd	Blythe
Abbeville	1,162	896
Alcona	1,357	1,895
Anderson	1,025	704
Beaufort	79	161
Bamberg	50	101
Charleston	624	480
Cherokee	499	1,283
Chester	885	870
Chesterfield	907	694
Columbia	824	532
Concord	943	706
Darlington	716	797
Dorchester	589	325
Edgefield	582	639
Florence	889	586
Georgetown	233	287
Greenville	1,181	1,828
Hampton	819	1,234
Horry	752	907
Kershaw	869	514
Lancaster	728	1,159
Laurens	774	1,035
Lexington	1,874	1,709
Marion	1,415	1,059
Marlboro	718	824
McClintock	819	1,035
Mecklenburg	817	1,077
Orangeburg	1,179	892
Pickens	856	615
Richland	1,093	824
Saluda	545	645
Sumter	2,191	2,514
Union	718	768
Williamsburg	1,123	699
York	1,610	1,177
2d South Carolina	284	116
3d South Carolina	883	138
Battery	63	11
Totals	44,510	24,001

RAILROAD COMMISSIONER.

County	Garris	Thomas
Abbeville	1,392	543
Alcona	1,575	844
Anderson	1,986	1,035
Beaufort	707	85
Bamberg	707	85
Charleston	884	126
Cherokee	1,035	81
Chester	1,035	81
Chesterfield	1,261	321
Clarendon	1,124	12
Colleton	223	31
Darlington	1,040	397
Dorchester	675	195
Edgefield	888	424
Fairfield	887	325
Florence	571	70
Georgetown	187	49
Greenville	1,811	1,136
Hampton	794	807
Horry	594	82
Kershaw	953	309
Lancaster	1,370	408
Laurens	1,750	612
Lee	569	314
Lexington	1,874	1,709
Marion	1,415	1,059
Marlboro	718	824
McClintock	819	1,035
Mecklenburg	817	1,077
Orangeburg	1,179	892
Pickens	856	615
Richland	1,093	824
Saluda	545	645
Sumter	2,191	2,514
Union	718	768
Williamsburg	1,123	699
York	1,610	1,177
2d South Carolina	284	116
3d South Carolina	883	138
Battery	63	11
Totals	49,979	19,713

FIFTH DISTRICT.

County	Barber	Fiske
Abbeville	1,162	896
Alcona	1,357	1,895
Anderson	1,025	704
Beaufort	79	161
Bamberg	50	101
Charleston	624	480
Cherokee	499	1,283
Chester	885	870
Chesterfield	907	694
Columbia	824	532
Concord	943	706
Darlington	716	797
Dorchester	589	325
Edgefield	582	639
Florence	889	586
Georgetown	233	287
Greenville	1,181	1,828
Hampton	819	1,234
Horry	752	907
Kershaw	869	514
Lancaster	728	1,159
Laurens	774	1,035
Lexington	1,874	1,709
Marion	1,415	1,059
Marlboro	718	824
McClintock	819	1,035
Mecklenburg	817	1,077
Orangeburg	1,179	892
Pickens	856	615
Richland	1,093	824
Saluda	545	645
Sumter	2,191	2,514
Union	718	768
Williamsburg	1,123	699
York	1,610	1,177
2d South Carolina	284	116
3d South Carolina	883	138
Battery	63	11
Totals	5,095	6,301

GEN. HASKELL'S SUDDEN DEATH.

One of the Heroes of Santiago Dies in His Hour of Triumph.

Brig. Gen. T. Haskell died suddenly at his home at the Columbus, Ohio, post about 4:30 Friday afternoon. He was stricken with apoplexy, the excitement through which he had passed during the day being the immediate cause of the attack.

Gen. Haskell commanded the Seventeenth infantry at the battle of El Caney and was wounded in the left shoulder and knee. He came home about a month ago and was rapidly recovering. The wound in his shoulder, however, had paralyzed his left arm which he carried in a sling.

Friday morning the Seventeenth regiment returned home and Gen. Haskell went to the depot in a carriage to welcome his gallant men. He rode at the head of the regiment through the city to the post and the cheers of the immense crowds of people that lined the streets were directed almost as much to him individually as to the regiment. At the reviewing stand the crowd surrounded the carriage and flowers were showered into the vehicle from every side.

Although not as strong as formerly, Gen. Haskell appeared rugged and his sudden death was a terrible shock to his family and friends.

At 4:30 o'clock Friday afternoon Capt. Clay called at Gen. Haskell's residence to pay his respects. The general was resting at the time, but came down stairs. They had been engaged in conversation about five minutes when Gen. Haskell suddenly started to his feet, clasping his hands to his head, then fell to the floor. The only exclamation he made was "oh, oh."

Capt. Clay sprang to his assistance and was surprised to find that his pulse had ceased to beat. Post Surgeon Pilcher called and stated death was caused by apoplexy.

Mrs. Haskell was prostrated by her husband's death. Besides the widow two sons survive.

A Humane Ruler.

The regent of the grand duchy of Mecklenburg-Schwerin is besides the czar, the only absolute ruler and autocrat of Europe. He has issued a decree forbidding pigeon shooting as a cruel form of sport, and another prohibiting the internment in consecrated ground of any one killed in a duel.

Died on Duty.

News reached the war department Friday of the death at Santiago of Lieut. J. O'Brien, Fifth infantry. The officer resigned from the army about a year ago, but reentered the service on the outbreak of the war and died in the line of duty.

WANT FREEDOM.

A Lively Agitation in That Direction in Cuba.

GEN. GOMEZ OUTSPOKEN.

The Spaniards, it is Said, Are Not Now in Favor of Annexation to the United States.

A dispatch from Havana says the predominant feature of the situation is the feverish and widespread agitation of the Cubans in favor of the absolute independence of the island at all costs. Manifestos are being circulated inviting the cooperation of Spanish residents and merchants to this end and pointing out that either annexation or an American protectorate would mean death to all trade with Spain in a couple of years.

Gen. Maximo Gomez, who a fortnight ago, gave expression to extremely moderate views, counseling harmony and patience, now expresses himself in favor of "absolute independence or nothing." He says the Spanish element cannot afford to delay uniting with the Cubans, as a "necessary basis for the establishment of conditions that will forbid and prevent the United States grabbing and taking easy advantage of the treasure both Spaniards and Cubans have fought for at an expense of rivers of blood on each side."

Gen. Gomez says, if report speaks truly, "that those who fear independence belong to the same family of cowardly curs who fled from Havana, at the first rumour of bombardment." These, he declares, are, however, a minority; and, to quote him further, "almost the entire Spanish population remains protesting their homes and defying the dangers of war, and will now remain to unite their efforts with those of the Cuban party, working together with the Cubans for the development of the island and the return of prosperity."

A leading evening paper Thursday published a local letter purporting to voice the opinion of Catalonia in favor of independence and promising aid and cooperation. How far the influence of the party agitating for Cuban independence goes to extend it is at present difficult to estimate, but the fact is, its agents are working like beavers. Some former sympathizers with the annexation movement are to be found now in the ranks of the independence movement.

This violent impetus given to the agitation for independence is the result, apparently, of the arrival of the Resolute, or rather, of the arrival of Mr. Porter and the examination he is making into tariffs, municipal taxation and other matters of internal government which the Cubans had expected to handle and administer themselves. Mr. Porter's operations are viewed with suspicion by an important section of the Cubans, who keep on calling meetings and protesting against a "usurpation of privileges purchased at such a sacrifice." They insist upon absolute freedom, unrestricted liberty or a fight to the death.

One reason many Spaniards who at first favored annexation have changed their opinion is that they fear the competition of a mercantile rivalry as storekeepers, hotel managers and restaurateurs. The same spirit prevails among the planters, especially the smaller ones. All this amounts practically to a silent admission of Cuba's inability to offer, if left to herself, the guarantees of stability that would induce foreign capital to come here to develop the island's resources. The deductions seem to be this: With Cuba independent, no foreign capital and no competition; with Cuba under American rule, a competition against which the Cubans would not have the energy or the power to succeed.

Takes Defeat Gracefully.

Mr. Featherstone left Thursday morning for Laurens. He was seen by a Record reporter before taking the train, and was asked what he had to say about the result. "Of course," he said "I am gratified over the large vote given me, but at the same time it looks as if I was defeated." Otherwise he would express no opinion, although he received his defeat with good grace and to all appearances he had no regrets over the result, though naturally he must have felt disappointed. He intended to call upon Governor Ellerbe but before leaving he found that the governor was not in his office but at the mansion. Not having time to go to the mansion, he telephoned to the governor's office and requested Private Secretary Evans to extend his congratulations to the governor, adding, "Tell him I wish him well."—Columbia Record.

Wars Sad Ravages.

The Twentieth infantry left Camp Wikoff Wednesday for Fort Leavenworth, Kansas. It was followed a little later by the Third infantry on the way to Fort Snelling, Minn. When the Third marched through camp on their way to the station there were hardly enough men to form two full companies. The remainder were killed, sick or furloughed.

Fatal Boiler Explosion.

News has just reached Evergreen, Ala., of the bursting of the boiler at the sawmill of Travis and Perdue, 14 miles from there. Bud Acher, the engineer, his wife and child and his wife's sister were instantly killed, and four men knocked senseless, but not fatally hurt.

Clemson's Big Opening.

Clemson College opened Thursday with the largest attendance since 1893. There are nearly four hundred students present, and the indications are that many more will come. As a rule the new men are well prepared, and a higher percentage than usual will be admitted to the upper classes.

American Bark Lost.

The American bark, George F. Manson, 135 tons from Sydney, N. S. W., for this port, has been given up as lost. Thought to have gone down in great storm off Australian coast four months ago.

THANKS THE PEOPLE.

Gov. Ellerbe Grateful for the Confidence Given Him.

COMMENTS MURDER.

An Alabama Soldier in Jail in San Francisco.

THE RESULT OF A SPREE.

The Young Man Tells His Story Between His Sobs. The Father Telegraphed Of the Son's Crime.

Walter Rosser, a Tennessee volunteer, shot and killed Henry Hildebrand, a clerk in the Speckles market, at San Francisco Wednesday night during a drunken spree. He was booked at the city prison and then began to sober up. He handed in a lady's gold watch and \$65 in coin and asked that the valuables be cared for. Then he wept and said he realized his deep despair, but claimed not to recollect anything about the shooting.

"My father and mother live in Stevenson, Ala.," he said. "My father is a superintendent of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis. I am a member of the Sigma Nu fraternity and a graduate of the Vanderbilt university, and am entitled to the degree of M. D. When the war broke out I was a student in classics but left school and enlisted in the Tennessee regiment at Memphis. My knowledge of medicine gained me the position of steward of Co. B, which position I still hold."

"I have telegraphed my father and expect him to come to this city at once."

SOUTHERN GENERALSHIP.

Northern Papers Untainted in their Praise of Gen. Wheeler.

In his terrible sorrow for his son's tragic death, General Wheeler probably for the time, cares little for his own fame, but it may prove a healing balm, that the most enthusiastic tributes to him come from the north. The Washington correspondent of the Springfield Republican says: "The administration has had great luck in getting out of the war with as little scandal as has occurred. If Alger's pet, Shafter, had his way, and fallen back five miles from before Santiago, the war would probably not yet be ended and reasons of glory might be going up in Madrid for the extermination of the American army by fever and disease. It was the plucky old Democratic and ex-confederate cavalry leader, Gen. Wheeler, of Alabama, who had much to do with preventing the execution of Shafter's plans and saving the credit of the American army. It would not have been an unpardonable military blunder to have fallen back in the face of such odds, if the question of numbers and position was alone considered, but the necessity of conquering was so great for both sanitary and moral reasons that the administration rightly supported the view that a few deaths in an assault were preferable to many more by fever."

How Is This?

We have been told that money is so plenty in Kansas that the bankers are in despair because they can loan no money. How is it, then, says the Salt Lake Tribune, that the great Kansas Loan and Trust company has just failed? Was it because it could not loan its money? Or was it because where it had loaned 40 per cent. of the supposed value of property, when it came to a show-down, the property would not bring the 40 per cent? Has property ceased to decline in Kansas, or is it falling?

As It Should Be.

Savannah made a new record Wednesday in convicting a criminal. Friday night before John Charlton, a negro, shot and killed Mr. Harry A. McLeod, city food inspector. He was arrested at once, and on Saturday his capture was assigned for trial in the superior court. This was before he was indicted. Monday he was indicted and Wednesday tried. His trial lasted about three hours. He was convicted and sentenced to hang on October 28th.

Heeded the Call.